Merton Council

Overview and Scrutiny Commission financial monitoring task group

4 April 2019

Presentation made at the meeting

Merantun - progress update and deepdive on the financial 1 - 40 monitoring
 Presentation from James McGinlay, Head of Regeneration

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Overview & Scrutiny Commission Financial Monitoring Task Group

4th April 2019



James McGinlay

Managing Director Merantun Development Ltd

Background

- Merantun Development Ltd (MDL) established: Dec 2016
- Company Limited by shares
- Classified as 'contracting authority' (significant for procurement)
- Purpose:
 - to develop council-owned sites into housing (or commercial development) for private rent and/or sale (where necessary)
 - to help generate income to the council, helping to protect and support local service provision
 - to meet the demand for new local housing



Company set-up

- Merantun registered at companies house
- Nominated Board of Directors:
 - Responsible for day-to-day running
 - SLLP company secretariat services function
- Officer resource:
 - MDL staff: 1.4 FTE
 - Additional internal & external resource procured
- Service Level Agreements:
 - Agreed for various functions (Finance, IT, Procurement, SLLP etc.)
- Finance loan agreement to be finalised



Council role

- The Council is the sole shareholder and lends money to the company at a commercial rate
- LBM retain ultimate control of Merantun via the annual business
 plan and Shareholder Agreement
- LBM will receive a financial return by way of dividend and interest charges
- The shareholder agreement outlines LBM governance role for matters not included in the company's articles of association
- LBM "Shareholder Sub Committee" make decisions on behalf of the Council as 'shareholder' and decides key issues (e.g. annual business plan)

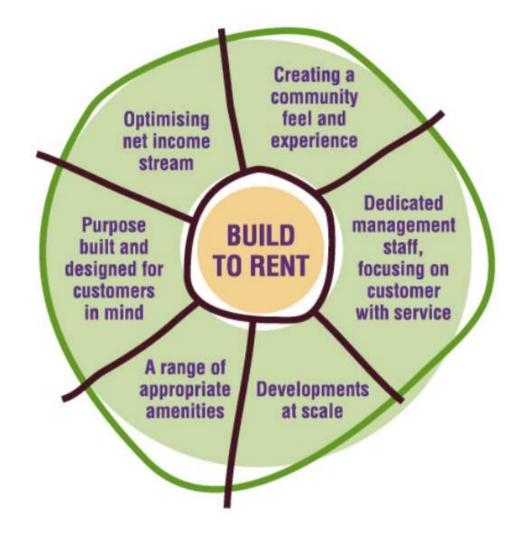


Company objectives

- 1. To provide a quality product in London's growing private rented residential market
- 2. To offer a competitive offer for long term private rent
- 3. To offer a well designed core residential product
- 4. To offer quality optional extras to tenants
- 5. To maximise customer satisfaction
- 6. To maximise the financial return to LBM as shareholder.



Private rented sector opportunity

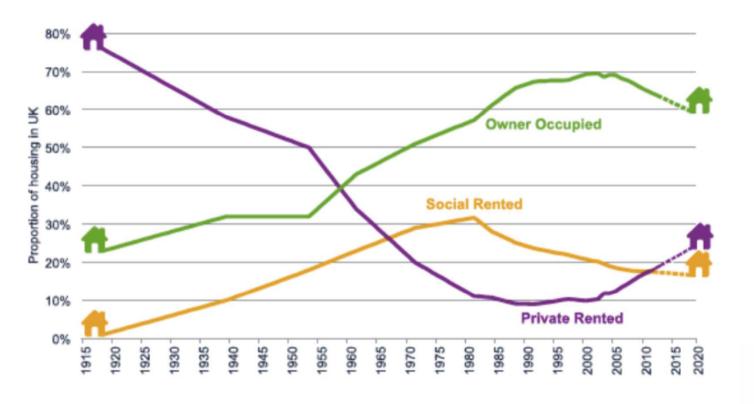




Private rented sector & product

The market

Changing Tenures





Private rented sector & product

The demand







40% of Londoners will be private renters by 2025. Join Talk London and have your say on the biggest issues with renting!

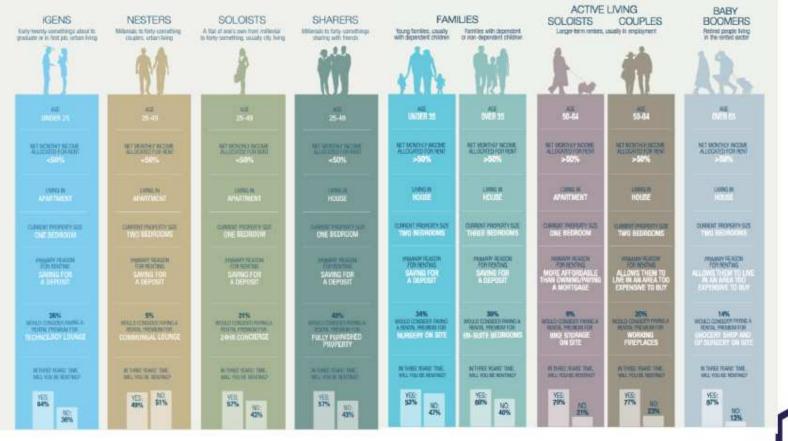




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Private rented sector & product

The customer profile





Customer Priorities

Affordability
Quality
Convenience
Customer Service
Place and Community
Flexibility and Certainty of Tenure

 Customer focus to define the product and our position in the marketplace



Our core offer

- 1/2 bed accommodation
- Low maintenance
- Robust build
- Robust kitchen / bathroom fit-out
- Media and wifi enabled





Options

- Furniture packages
 - Full / partial
- Cleaning packages
- Bike rental
- Car club access / Electric vehicles





Layout















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Housing Objectives

- Purpose: to develop council-owned sites into housing (or commercial development) for:
 - i. Private Rent (assumed 2-year shorthold tenancies)
 - ii. Sale (where necessary)
 - iii. Affordable sell off to RP's in accordance with planning policy
- Aim to deliver fully sustainable communities
- Responding to housing market changes
- First tranche four sites to deliver 77+ units



Pilot sites











Canons Place Mitcham Cricket Green





Canons Place Mitcham Cricket Green



• Example precedent image



Raleigh Gardens Mitcham Fair Green





• Example precedent image



Farm Road Morden - St Helier



• Example precedent image



Elm Nursery Mitcham, London Road



Example precedent image





Estimated capacity*:

Canons Place Mitcham Cricket Green

Raleigh Gardens Mitcham Town

16 units

25 units

Elm Nursery Mitcham Town 28 units

Farm Road Morden 18 units

*Subject to ongoing review viability and design detail





Company Operations

Budget Service Level Agreements Company Policies Post-Completion Staffing

Operational

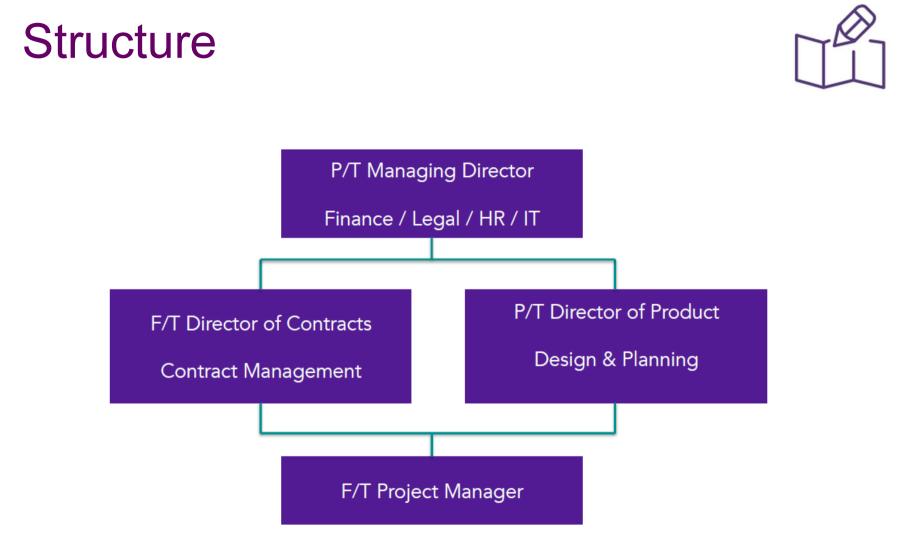
- Commissioning Company
 - Small core staffing team
 - Commission specialist services
 - Architectural Design
 - Planning
 - Viability
 - Costing
 - Project Management
- Buy in services from LBM via service level agreements
 - Finance / Legal / HR / Procurement / Accommodation



Post Completion

- Management Costs
 - Lettings / Lease agreements, credit checks and other statutory requirements (to be procured)
- Maintenance Costs (planned and reactive)
 - Cyclical maintenance
 - Statutory checks (gas/elec/water etc)
 - Day to day maintenance, cleaning etc
 - Landscaping







Progress so far...



- April 2017 Council Approval
- August 2017 Company Registration
- November 2017 Cabinet Sub Group established (and quarterly meetings held)

MDL:

- Staff team up and running
- Appointment of Architectural Design team completed
- Sub-Consultant team established
- Site capacity (RIBA stage 0-1) Complete
- Viability and affordable housing RP engagement started



Summary timeline





Summary timeline cont.







Capital investment from shareholder Capital loan from shareholder

Land transfer as investment. shares issued

Valuations @

- Planning
- Completion
- Occupation (investment proposition)



Returns to shareholder

Profile

Banker (LBM) debt repayments and interest charge headroom

% interest date to be agreed – market competitive

Trowers – legal advisors PWC – financial advisors BBP – development advisors





Funding Detail

Operational Costs



 Circa £160,000 per annum (staff / SLAs / insurance)

Funding:

- LBM Approved
- £13,022,000 loan contribution
- £3,256,000 cash equity
- Land as equity £8,413,000 (subject to revised valuations)
- Gearing excluding land 80%
- Gearing including land 53%



Income to MDL



- Year 4 c £2.7m (handover of affordable units)*
- Year 4 £ 725,000 per annum (based on 80% occupancy levels)*
- Year 5 £ 835,000 per annum (based on 92% occupancy and 3% customer turn over)*





Servicing Debt



- Loan facility drawn down as required based on the construction contract and timeline
- Borrowing costs rolled up for the first 4 years, until 2022/23
- Income in 2021 from handover of affordable units



Dividend on profits



- Dividend on profits (lettings) in year 15
- Debt paid off in full over 20 years
- Cash reserves maintained covering two years of loan repayments



Risks



- Procurement / construction market
- Industry supply chains (post EU exit)
- Interest rate changes
- Political (national / local)
- Reputational



Notes



- Loan facility is based on a commercial borrowing rate from LBM to MDL
- Land transferred post planning approval
- Income reflects net position (after management and maintenance costs)





Thank You.

Questions?